

$$S_1 = \sum_{n_x=1}^{\infty} e^{-\alpha_1 n_x^2}$$

$$\approx \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\alpha_1 x^2} dx + \text{some small corrections that can be neglected when } \frac{\lambda_d}{a} \ll 1.$$

$$\approx \int_0^{\infty} e^{-z} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha_1}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} z^{-1/2} dz$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{Let } \alpha_1 x^2 = z \\ x^2 = \frac{z}{\alpha_1} \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{\frac{z}{\alpha_1}} \\ dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha_1}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} z^{-1/2} dz \end{array} \right.$$

$$\approx \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\alpha_1}} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-z} z^{-1/2} dz$$

$$\approx \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\alpha_1}} \times \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\approx \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2\sqrt{\alpha_1}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sqrt{\pi \times 2 m k T a^2}}{\sqrt{h^2}} \quad (\text{putting the value of } \alpha_1)$$

$$\approx \frac{\sqrt{2 \pi m k T}}{h} \times a \Rightarrow \frac{a}{\lambda_d}$$

where $\lambda_d = \frac{h}{\sqrt{2 \pi m k T}}$ called thermal de Broglie wavelength

Similarly $S_2 = \frac{b}{\lambda_d}$

$$S_3 = \frac{c}{\lambda_d}$$

hence single particle partition function

$$Q_{\text{total}} = S_1 S_2 S_3$$

$$= \frac{abc}{\lambda_d^3}$$

$$\boxed{Q_{\text{total}} = \frac{V}{\lambda_d^3}} \rightarrow \text{Translational partition function.}$$